REVIEW ON PHILOSOPHY, THEORY AND PRACTICE OF DEVELOPMENTAL GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING

A Good Way to Grow

GUIDANCE & COUNSELING FOR ALL



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GUIDANCE

•WITHIN SCHOOL CURR THAT AIMS AT THE MAXIMUM DEV. OF INDIV POTENTIALITIES È GENERAL ED. PHILOSOPHY OR AN EDUCATOR'S STATE OF MIND

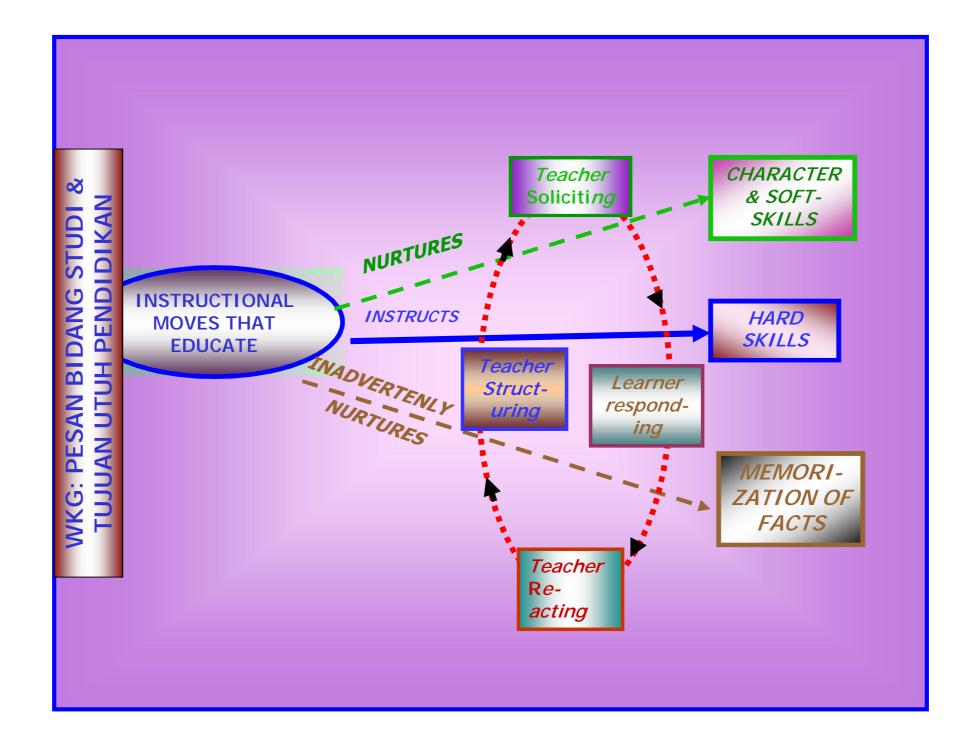
•SERVICES AIMED AT PERSONAL AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT AND SCHOOL ADJUSTMENT

• CREATE A LEARNING ENVIRONMENT THAT FACILITATE STUDENTS TO GET SCHOOL LEARNING SUCCESS

COUNSELING

Not used exclusively by school counselor

Denotes a relationship between a trained helper and a person seeking help in which both the skills of the helper and the atmosphere that he or she creates help people learn to relate with themselves and others in more growth-producing ways.



Г	Perkembangan Optimum Siswa				
Standar Kompetensi Kemandirian /SKK (akademik, karir, sosial, pribadi) (Bimbingan dan Konseling yang memandirikan)		Misi bersama guru dan konselor dalam pengembangan diri (guru dg cara mngembangkan <i>nurturant effect</i> pembelajaran)	Standar Kompete Lulusan pelajaran tingkatar pendidik (Pembela bidang st mendidik	(SKL) mata dan n an ajaran tudi yg	
Wilayah Konselor	Wilayah Wilayah r penghormatan bersama, Guru hubungan fungsional				

POSISI DAN KEUNIKAN WILAYAH KERJA GURU DAN KONSELOR

Counseling vs. Psychotherapy

- Counseling deals mostly with normal people
- Counseling is more educative, supportive, conscious oriented, and short term
- Counseling is more structured and directed toward limited, concrete goals

- Psychotherapy deals primarily with those who are psychologically disturbed
- Psychotherapy is more reconstructive, confrontational, unconscious oriented,and long term
- Psychotherapy is purposely more ambiguous and has goals that change and evolve as the person progresses

FOUR APPROACH TO GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING

- THE CRISIS APPROACH
- THE REMEDIAL APPROACH
- THE PREVENTIVE APPROACH
- THE DEVELOPMENTAL APPROACH
 - **è A COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH**

DEVELOPMENTAL GUIDANCE: A COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH

- BASIC ASSUMPTIONS AND NEEDS
- THEORY OF DEVELOPMENTAL GUIDANCE
- DEVELOPMENTAL GUIDANCE CURRICULUM AND GOALS
- PRINCIPLES OF DEV GUIDANCE
- GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING
 PROGRAM
- NEED FOR A NATIONAL MODEL

BASIC ASSUMPTIONS AND NEEDS

- Manusia adalah mahluk individual yang berkembang secara sekuensial dan positif menuju pengayaan diri (self-enhancment).
- Manusia berkembang melalui tahapan umum dan tugas-tugas perkembangan
- Internal drive manusia yang sifatnya personal dan unik memerlukan kompromi dengan faktor lingkungan
- Perkembangan yang sehat berlangsung melalui interaksi yang sehat antara individu dengan lingkungan (yang sehat)
- Program pengembangan diorganisasikan ke dalam guidance curriculum

THEORY OF DEVELOPMENTAL GUIDANCE

- Berbasis teori perkembangan manusia
 - Lifelong
 - Involves an interaction between individual and different environment
- Developmental stages and Tasks
 - Piaget's cognitive development
 - Erikson's emotional development
 - Kohlberg's moral development
 - Perry's ethical development
 - Development of empathy, self concept
- Developmental Theory and Counselingè integration
- Developmental Condition for Learningè psychological interaction/relation

DEVELOPMENTAL GUIDANCE CURRICULUM AND GOALS

- ...is a planned effort to provide each student with a set of skills and experiences that helps enhance all learning
- Related to facilitating the instructional process
 - è not as supplemental to academic ones but as integrated part of the education program
 - è the outcome might be considered desirable for any ed. program (instructional vs nurturant)

DEVELOPMENTAL GUIDANCE CURRICULUM AND GOALS

GOALS

- Understanding the school environment
- Understanding self and other
- Understanding attitude and behavior
- Decision making and problem solving
- Interpersonal and communication skills
- School success skills
- Career awareness and educational planning
- Community pride and involvement

PRINCIPLES OF DEVELOPMENTAL GUIDANCE

- DG is for all
- DG has an organized and planned curriculum
- DG is sequential and flexible
- DG is an itegrated part of the total educational process
- DG involve all school personnel
- DG helps students learn more effectively and efficiently
- DG includes counselor who provide specialized counseling services and intervention

GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING PROGRAM

- Emphasizes the domains of:
 - Self-knowledge and interpersonal skills
 - Life roles, setting, and events
 - Life career planing
 - Academic achievement (?)
- Program components:
 - Guidance curriculumè structured classroom activities
 - Individual planning
 - Responsive services
 - System support

A NATIONAL MODEL

BACA

DAN

FAHAMI



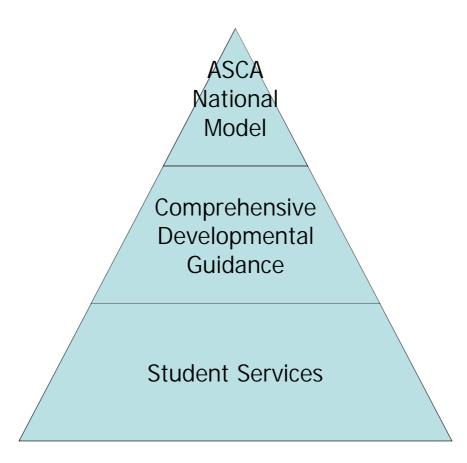
RAMBU-RAMBU PENYELENGGARAAN BIMBINGAN DAN KONSELING DALAM JALUR PENDIDIKAN FORMAL

DIREKTORAT JENDERAL PENINGKATAN MUTU PENDIDIKAN DAN TENAGA KEPENDIDIKAN DEPARTEMEN PENDIDIKAN NASIONAL 2007

ROLE OF TEACHER AND SCHOOL COUNSELOR

- TEACHER AS STUDENT ADVISOR
- COUNSELOR AS:
 - A DEVELOPMENTAL GUIDANCE SPCIALIST
 - FACILITATOR
 - COUNSELOR INTERVENTION IN:
 - INDIVIDUAL COUNSELING
 - SMALL GROUP COUNSELING
 - LARGE GROUP GUIDANCE
 - PEER FACILITATOR PROJECTS
 - CONSULTATION
 - GUIDANCE COORDINATOR
- ACCOUNTABILTY

Three Phases of Massachusetts School Counseling Models



STUDENT SERVICE

- Career Placement and Humanistic Theory, Remedial, Problem Orientation
- School Counseling provides services to those in the most need
- School Counseling operates from Needs Assessment
- School Counselors use
 one-on-one counseling
- Counselors are accountable for case loads and student contacts.

COMPREHENSIVE DG

- Career Development and Human Development Theory, Preventative/Developmen tal Orientation
- School Counseling programs ensure that all students receive services
- School Counseling Programs Operate from a Local Curriculum with Academic, Career, and Personal/Social Domains.
- School Counselors use Individual Planning, Responsive Services, Guidance Curriculum and System Support.
- School Counselors are accountable for time spent on different activities.

ASCA

- Human Development Theory and Standards-Based Education
- School Counseling programs ensure that all students achieve academically
- School Counseling Programs Operate from a Curriculum with Academic, Career, and Personal/Social Domains that is based on ASCA National Standards and connected to State Frameworks.
- School Counselors use Individual Planning, Responsive Services, Guidance Curriculum and System Support
- School Counselors are accountable for measurable changes in academic achievement and school-related behavior.

Comprehensive Developmental Guidance Norm Gysbers

- Developed in 1970s, adopted by 35+ states
- Guidance as a core educational program not a set of ancillary support services
- Guidance works to promote development and to prevent problems
- Guidance works from a formal curriculum that specifies student learning outcomes
- Guidance is organized to serve all students well

Comprehensive Developmental Guidance Curriculum

- Student competencies grouped by domain (Academic, Career, Personal/Social)
- Student competencies specified by grade level, K-12
- Used to coordinate guidance activities, K-12
- Used to coordinate guidance activities with academic curricula and classroom instruction

Comprehensive Developmental Components

- Curriculum delivery
 - Guidance lessons
 - Coordination with academic instruction
- Individual/Family planning
 - Appraisal
 - Advising and placement
- Responsive services
 - Crisis counseling
 - Referral and follow-up
- System support
 - Duties to be assigned

School Counselor Time Allocation

	K-6 Elementary	Middle School	High School
Curriculum Delivery	35-45%	25-35%	15-25%
Individual/ Family Planning	15-10%	15-25%	25-35%
Responsive Services	30-40%	30-40%	25-35%
System Support	10-15%	10-15%	15-20%