

SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE

(waktu sekarang kebiasaan)

Digunakan untuk menyatakan suatu kejadian yang berlangsung tiap hari yang merupakan kebiasaan atau kenyataan.

Rumus positive structure : Subject + verb 1 st. form

Contoh: (+) the bus carries a lot of passengers.

Rumus negative structure : Do/Does + S + verb 1 st. form

Contoh: (-) my father doesn't play tennis twice a week

Rumus interrogative structure : Do/Does + S + verb 1 st. form?

Contoh: (?) does your father does play tennis twice a week?

Kata keterangan waktu simple present tense

- Sometimes = kadang-kadang
- Always = selalu
- Often = sering
- Seldom = jarang
- Never = tidak pernah
- Usually = biasanya
- Generally = umumnya
- Occasionally =sekali-kali

PRESENT CONTINOUSE TENSE

(waktu sekarang sedang)

Digunakan untuk menyatakan suatu kejadian/perbuatan yang sedang berlangsung pada saat bicara.

Rumus positive structure : Subject + am + is + are + verb- ing form

Contoh: The children are watching television

Rumus negative structure : Subject + am + is + are + verb-ing form

Contoh: John isn't doing anything now

Rumus interrogative structure : am + is + are + subject + verb-ing form

Contoh: Are they children playing in the park now?

PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

(waktu sekarang selesai)

Digunakan untuk menyatakan suatu perbuatan yang telah dilakukan pada suatu waktu yang tidak tertentu di masa lampau (telah selesai)

Rumus positive structure : Subject + have/has + verb 3 rd. form

Contoh: I have read that book

Father has gone to work

Rumus negative structure : Subject + have/has not + verb 3 rd. form

Contoh: She hasn't studied English

We haven't seen that film

Rumus interrogative structure : Have/has + subject + verb 3 rd. form

Contoh: Have you seen that film before?

Has your sister gone to school?

SIMPLE FUTURE TENSE

(waktu akan datang)

Digunakan untuk menyatakan suatu perbuatan yang akan dilakukan di masa akan datang

Rumus positive structure : Subject + shall/will + verb 1 st. form

Contoh: I will go to Bali tomorrow

They will move to England next month

Rumus negative structure : Subject + shall/will not + verb 1 st. form

Contoh: The plane will not arrive at 3 o'clock

We shall not tell John about it

Rumus interrogative structure : shall/will + subject + verb 1 st. form

Contoh: Will they spend two month in Bali?

Keterangan waktu dari simple future tense

- Tonight = sebentar malam
- Tomorrow = besok
- The day after tomorrow = lusa
- Two more again = dua hari lagi
- Later = nanti
- Soon = segera